Assessment Regulations for Introductory Studies

(Version effective from 30 September 2002 until 3 October 2004)

- **1**. Assessments by formal written examination shall be conducted in accordance with Rules for the Conduct of University Examinations.
- 2. Assessment of the outcomes of individual units shall be conducted in accordance with current EdExcel regulations and guidelines.

Unit Assessment

- 3. After each unit has been assessed an Internal Verifier shall determine the grades obtained by each candidate in the assessments which are applicable to that unit and publish the Unit Grade. Where an External Verifier has been appointed for the unit the grades shall have been approved by the External Verifier.
- 4. The published Pass List shall show the names of every candidate who has achieved the unit outcomes in alphabetical order within each grade.
- 5. An Internal Verifier shall report on the assessment process in a form and manner approved by Senate.

Reassessment

- 6. Subject to the limitations imposed by paragraph 13 of General Regulations for Introductory Studies, a candidate who fails to obtain a pass in a unit assessment will be allowed as of right to take that assessment again on one further occasion.
- 7. Candidates shall normally undergo re-assessment at the first opportunity offered by the University, which shall be notified to all candidates by the Programme Leader, but may be permitted, in accordance with paragraph 15 of General Regulations for Introductory Studies, to defer their re-assessment until a later date.
- 8. An Internal Verifier shall consider the grades obtained by candidates who fail any unit and shall decide what work, if any, already submitted for the unit assessment may be carried forward without further revision in the re-assessment process, should the candidate opt to repeat the unit without attendance.

Termination of Studies

9. Candidates who, following re-assessment under para.12 of General Regulations for Introductory Awards and/or assessment in a substitute unit under para.13 of those Regulations, have failed to achieve a pass in any unit which is required for progression to the next Stage of the programme or for qualification for the programme award, shall have their studies terminated.

Appeals

10. Appeals against academic decisions, including termination of studies, which cannot be resolved informally by reference to internal examiners or to the Internal Verifier shall be submitted in writing to the Dean of the relevant Faculty who shall convene a panel to consider the appeal, which shall be constituted as follows:

The Dean or his/her nominee (Chair) The Head of Department responsible for the programme Two other members of academic staff.

None of the panel members shall have engaged in any of the academic work which is the subject of the panel's consideration. In the event that the Head of Department is disqualified from participating, he/she shall nominate an alternative member of academic staff from the department to membership of the panel. The panel shall consider the appellant's written representations and shall also, if it thinks fit, afford the appellant an opportunity to be heard in person. The decision of the panel will be final. This decision shall be reported in writing to the appellant, the Head of Department (if not a member of the panel), the Programme Leader, the Internal Verifier, the External Verifier (where one has been appointed for the unit) and the Academic Registrar.

- 11. If the panel decides to uphold an appeal against the result of a unit assessment, the panel may refer the matter back to the Internal Verifier, with an instruction to the Verifier to amend his/her original decision and if appropriate publish a revised Unit Grade which shall forthwith supersede the earlier Unit Grade awarded to the appellant.
- **12.** If the panel decides to uphold an appeal against termination of studies, then the provisions of paragraph 6 hereof shall apply and the panel shall act for the Internal Verifier in accordance with paragraph 8 hereof.

Power to Annul an Assessment

13. The Senate may annul any assessment and may require the candidates in any assessment that has been annulled to undergo further assessment, or may require an Internal Verifier to disregard the result of any assessment which has been annulled notwithstanding any other regulation or rule. The Senate may amend any regulation or rule to take account of the assessment which has been annulled.

Academic Misconduct

- **14**. It is academic misconduct for any candidate in the course of any assessment to engage in one or more of the following activities:
 - a) Failing to comply with the Rules of Conduct of Written Examinations (set out in Senate Regulation VII), for example by taking prohibited materials into an Examination Hall.
 - b) Assisting another candidate to gain an advantage by unfair means, or receiving such assistance, for example by impersonation or the passing off of one individual's work as another's. This includes undeclared failure to contribute to group coursework assignments.
 - c) Misleading the examiners by the fabrication or falsification of data.
 - d) Plagiarism; namely submitting work as the candidate's own of which the candidate is not the author. This includes failure to acknowledge clearly and explicitly the ideas, words or work of another person whether these are published or unpublished.
 - e) Engaging in any other activity likely to give an unfair advantage to any candidate.
- 15. A candidate shall certify, when submitting work for assessment, the extent to which the work is his/her own if required to do so by the department responsible for the module.
- 16. An offence of academic misconduct will be defined as Minor or Major depending on its seriousness. Minor Offences shall be considered by the Head of Department offering the unit (the relevant Head of Department). Major Offences shall be considered by the Academic Misconduct Committee. Final interpretation of the nature of an offence under the definitions below shall be the responsibility of the Academic Registrar.

Minor Offences

- *i.* Definition and Jurisdiction
- 17. An incident shall be deemed to be a Minor Offence of academic misconduct if it relates to work for assessment not undertaken in an Examination Hall, and if the nature of the incident together with the circumstances of the candidate make appropriate a relatively limited penalty. Examples include first offences of failure to acknowledge sources in a limited amount of coursework, and limited copying of another student's work. These examples are not intended to be exhaustive.
- 18. A candidate suspected of committing a Minor Offence will automatically be referred

for action under the Major Offence procedure if s/he has previously been found guilty of any offence of academic misconduct, or is suspected of an offence in more than one assessed element of his/her programme.

- 19. The relevant Head of the Department is empowered to consider charges of Minor Offences against candidates and to levy penalties as specified in paragraph 25 below.
- ii. Procedure
- 20. Any circumstances which appear to an examiner to suggest that a candidate has committed any act of academic misconduct shall be reported immediately to the relevant Head of Department.
- 21. The relevant Head of Department shall decide whether any action shall be taken and if so whether that should be under the procedures for Minor Offences. If the relevant Head of Department considers the incident to constitute a Major Offence, s/he shall consult the Academic Registrar.
- 22. The Academic Registrar shall either refer the case for action under the Major Offences procedure set out in paragraphs 28 to 42 below or advise the relevant Head of Department to consider the case under the Minor Offences procedure.
- 23. Candidates shall be notified in writing of alleged Minor Offences and the evidence against them by the relevant Head of Department. Candidates shall be invited to admit or deny the allegation and be permitted to defend themselves in writing and in person, accompanied by an individual of their own choosing. Any written defence or request to be heard in person, including the name and status of any accompanying individual must be received by the relevant Head of Department within five working days of the notification of the alleged misconduct.
- 24. Having taken into account the evidence and the defence, if any, the relevant Head of Department shall decide whether the candidate is guilty of the offence, and if so, the appropriate penalty under paragraph 25 below. The candidate shall be notified in writing of the relevant Head of Department's decision and of the penalty, if one is to be applied, within fifteen working days of the candidate being notified of the allegation. S/he shall also be notified of the right of appeal under paragraph 26 below.
- iii. Penalties
- 25. Where a candidate is found guilty of a Minor Offence, the relevant Head of Department shall be empowered to impose one or more of the following penalties:

- a) The issue of a formal reprimand.
- b) The reduction to any extent of the unit grade obtained by the candidate in the unit concerned.
- iv. Appeals
- 26. Candidates found guilty of Minor Offences shall have the right of appeal against the decision of the relevant Head of Department. Appeals should be submitted in writing to the Secretary of the Academic Misconduct Appeals Committee (see paragraph 40 below) within 10 working days of the candidate receiving notification of the decision of the relevant Head of Department, and should set out the grounds for, and nature of the appeal together with any evidence. Possible grounds for appeal include:
 - a) that there were serious circumstances affecting the candidate of which the relevant Head of Department was not made aware when the decision was taken.
 - b) that there were procedural irregularities in the conduct of the investigation.
 - c) that there is evidence of prejudice or bias against the candidate on the part of one or more of those involved in the case.
 - d) that the penalty imposed was disproportionate to the offence.

The Secretary of the Academic Misconduct Appeals Committee may request further information or evidence from the candidate. The appeal will then be referred, together with the original documentation relating to the allegation of academic misconduct, to the Dean of a Faculty other than the student's own.

27. The Dean shall review the case and may request further information from the candidate or from the relevant Head of Department. The Dean may confirm, set aside or amend the decision and penalty which are the subject of the appeal. In exceptional circumstances, if s/he deems it appropriate, the Dean may refer the case to a full meeting of the Academic Misconduct Appeals Committee. The Dean shall convey his/her decision in writing to the candidate within 15 working days of receipt of the complete appeal documentation from the candidate by the Secretary of the Academic Misconduct Appeals Committee. The Dean shall be final.

Major Offences

i. Definition and Jurisdiction

- 28. An incident shall normally be deemed to be a Major Offence of academic misconduct if it relates to an assessment undertaken in an Examination Hall, or to other assessed work where the nature of the incident together with the circumstances of the candidate make appropriate a substantial punishment. Examples include failure to acknowledge sources in a substantial amount of coursework, and substantial verbatim (or near verbatim) copying of another student's work. These examples are not intended to be exhaustive. In exceptional circumstances the Academic Registrar may re-designate an offence of academic misconduct relating to an assessment undertaken in an Examination Hall as a Minor Offence.
- 29. Major Offences shall be considered by an Academic Misconduct Committee appointed by the Senate on an annual basis with the following constitution: Three academic members of the Learning and Teaching Committee one of whom shall act as Chair.

One University member of the Loughborough Students' Union Executive nominated by the Executive.

The Academic Registrar shall appoint a member of Academic Registry staff to act as Secretary to the Committee. No individual who has any connection with the case to be heard may serve on the Academic Misconduct Committee or act as its Secretary.

- ii. Procedure
- 30. In the case of an assessment taking place in an Examination Hall, any incident of alleged academic misconduct shall be reported immediately, with evidence, to the Academic Registrar. In the case of other assessed work, any circumstances which appear to an examiner to suggest that a candidate has committed any act of academic misconduct shall be reported immediately to the relevant Head of Department and action shall be taken in accordance with paragraphs 21 and 22 above.
- 31. Candidates shall be notified in writing of alleged Major Offences by the Secretary of the Academic Misconduct Committee at least fifteen working days before the date of the Committee meeting. The notification shall include the nature of the charge, the evidence, and the date and time of the meeting of the Committee convened to consider the case together with details of the members of the Committee. Candidates shall be invited to admit or deny the allegation.
- **32.** Candidates have the following rights:
 - a) To submit a written defence and any other written evidence.

- b) To attend the Committee meeting in person.
- c) To be accompanied by an individual of their own choosing.
- d) To call witnesses for examination at the meeting.
- 33. The written evidence, together with the name and status of any accompanying individual, and of any persons to be called as witnesses must be received by the Secretary at least 7 working days before the date of the meeting. The full documentation shall be circulated to all participants at least 5 working days before the meeting.
- 34. The relevant Head of Department may make a written submission to the Committee and recommendations as to the outcome. Where applicable, the External Verifier for the unit concerned may be consulted in the preparation of this submission. Any submission of this kind must be received by the Secretary at least 7 working days before the date of the meeting. The Committee shall consider, but will not be bound by, any such submission.
- 35. The Committee may require the relevant Head of Department or his/her nominee and the Internal Verifier for the unit concerned to attend the meeting in person.
- 36. The proceedings of the meeting shall normally take the following form: The evidence against the candidate shall be presented. Where the allegation relates to an assessment undertaken in an Examination Hall, the invigilator who detected the incident shall normally present the evidence. Otherwise, the evidence will normally be presented by the relevant Head of Department or his/her nominee. The candidate shall be allowed to respond to the allegations. The Committee shall ask questions of the candidate, and any witnesses. The candidate shall ask questions of any witnesses, and make his/her final statement. Within this framework the Committee has discretion over the conduct of the proceedings. With the agreement of the candidate, the procedure may be simplified in cases where the candidate has admitted the allegation.
- 37. Having taken into account all the evidence, the Committee alone, advised by its Secretary, shall decide whether the candidate is guilty of the offence, and if so, the appropriate penalty from those permitted under paragraph 38 below. The candidate shall be informed of the decision and the reasons for it in writing within 3 working days of the meeting. The Committee may notify the candidate orally in advance of the written communication at its discretion. If the Committee decides against the candidate, he/she shall be notified of the right of appeal under paragraph 39 below.

iii. Penalties

- 38. Where a candidate is found guilty of academic misconduct, the Academic Misconduct Committee shall be empowered to impose one or more of the following penalties:
 - a) The issue of a formal reprimand.
 - b) The reduction to any extent of any or all of the unit grades obtained by the candidate in any unit in the current stage of the candidate's programme.
 - c) The withdrawal of reassessment rights in any unit in the current stage of the candidate's programme.
 - d) The immediate termination of the candidate's studies.
- iv. Appeals
- 39. Candidates found guilty of Major Offences shall have the right of appeal to the Academic Misconduct Appeals Committee against the decisions of, and / or penalties imposed by the Academic Misconduct Committee. Appeals should be submitted in writing to the Secretary of the Academic Misconduct Appeals Committee (see paragraph 40 below) within 10 working days of the candidate receiving notification of the decision of the Academic Misconduct Committee, and should set out the grounds for, and nature of the appeal together with any evidence. Possible grounds for appeal include those listed in paragraph 26 above.
- 40. The constitution of an Academic Misconduct Appeals Committee shall be: Three academic members of Senate one of whom shall act as Chair One University member of the Loughborough Students' Union Executive nominated by the Executive.

The Academic Registrar shall appoint a member of Academic Registry staff to act as Secretary to the Appeals Committee. No individual who has any previous connection with the case to be heard may serve on the Academic Misconduct Appeals Committee or act as its Secretary.

- 41. The Academic Misconduct Appeals Committee shall decide upon a procedure for the meeting that is appropriate to the nature and grounds of the appeal being considered.
- 42. Having reviewed the case, the Academic Misconduct Appeals Committee shall reach a decision on the appeal. The Appeals Committee may confirm, set aside or amend the decision and penalty which are the subject of the appeal. The appellant shall be informed of the decision and the reasons for it in writing within 3 working

days of the meeting. The Committee may notify the candidate orally in advance of the written communication at its discretion. The decision of the Appeals Committee shall be final.

Monitoring and Review

- 43. The relevant Head of Department shall inform the Academic Registrar immediately of any alleged Minor Offences of academic misconduct under investigation and the Academic Registrar shall be responsible for identifying concurrent allegations relating to one candidate. A record of all incidents of academic misconduct that are upheld and any penalties shall be kept on the candidate's central University record. All documentation arising from incidents, including appeals, shall be forwarded to the Academic Registrar who shall ensure that the department responsible for the student is informed if the incident of academic misconduct does not relate to a module(s) offered by that department.
- 44. An annual report to the Learning and Teaching Committee on all incidents of academic misconduct and the outcomes thereof will be prepared by a member of Academic Registry staff nominated by the Academic Registrar.

(remade June 2002